

# Hongkong & Shanghai Advertiser

No. 3746

WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1894.

THIRTY DOLLARS  
PER ANNUM.

**Banks.**  
THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND  
THE STRAITS, LIMITED.  
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... \$1,000,000  
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... 351,993.15.0

**BANKERS:**  
CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK, LIMITED.  
HEAD OFFICE: No. 3, PRINCE'S STREET, LONDON.

**BRANCHES:**  
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG AND  
SHANGHAI.

**AGENCIES:**  
PENANG, SINGAPORE AND YOKOHAMA.

**RATES OF INTEREST,**  
ALLOWED on CURRENT ACCOUNTS  
and Fixed Deposits can be ascertained  
on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange  
business transacted.  
CHANTREY INCHBALD,  
Manager.  
Hongkong, 6th November, 1893. [210]

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF  
INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... \$1,500,000  
SUBSCRIBED ..... 1,185,000

**BANKERS:**  
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.

INTEREST ALLOWED on CURRENT  
ACCOUNTS at the Rate of a per cent.  
per annum on the Daily Balance.

**ON FIXED DEPOSITS—**  
For 12 Months ..... 5 per cent.  
" 6 " ..... 4 "  
" 3 " ..... 3 "

JOHN THURBURN,  
Manager, Hongkong.  
Hongkong, 4th February, 1893. [20]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA,  
LIMITED.

Authorised Capital ..... \$1,000,000  
Subscribed Capital ..... 500,000

**HEAD OFFICE:—HONGKONG.**  
Court of Directors—  
D. Gillies, Esq. ChowTungShang, Esq.  
Chan Kit Shan, Esq. Kwan Hoi Chuen, Esq.  
H. Stolterfoth, Esq. Chief Manager,  
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

**Branches:**—London, Yokohama, Shanghai and  
Amoy.

**BANKERS:**—  
The Commercial Bank of Scotland,  
Paris Banking Co., and The Alliance Bank (Ld.)

Interest for 12 months Fixed, 5 per Cent.  
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [17]

## Insurances.

THE  
STANDARD.  
ENDOWMENT  
ASSURANCE.

1. AMONG THE MANY ADVANTAGES of this form of Assurance, the following may be mentioned:—  
(a)—It secures an immediate Provision for wife and family or other relatives in event of early death.  
(b)—It provides a Fund for Retirement.  
(c)—It supplies an excellent Investment for the regular accumulation of small fixed sums of money.  
(d)—The Surrender and loan values are larger than under ordinary Policies.

2. AFTER THE POLICY HAS BEEN THREE YEARS IN FORCE—should the Policy-holder wish to discontinue future payments—he will be entitled to receive, on application, a FREE PAID-UP POLICY for a proportionate amount of the Sum Assured, as explained in the Prospectus.

Full particulars on application,  
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,  
Agents,  
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.  
Hongkong, 8th August, 1893. [747]

THE TOKYO MARINE INSURANCE  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

**HEAD OFFICE:—TOKIO, JAPAN.**  
SUBSCRIBED ..... \$1,200,000  
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... \$ 600,000  
GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE ..... \$ 400,000

RESERVE FUND, 30th June, 1893 ..... \$ 548,551  
SPECIAL RESERVE, " Do ..... \$ 14,907

**TOTAL RESERVE** ..... \$ 563,468

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above  
Company, are prepared to accept RISKS  
at CURRENT RATES.

For the MIKUI BUSSAN KAISHA,  
K. FUKU, Manager.  
Hongkong, 18th April, 1894. [485]

**NOTICE.**  
THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

**CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED** ..... \$1,000,000  
The above Company is prepared to accept  
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,  
S. Policies granted to all Parts of the world  
payable at any of its Agencies.

**HEAD OFFICE.**  
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST,  
Hongkong, 24th November, 1893. [180]

**GENERAL NOTICE.**  
THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,  
(LIMITED).

**CAPITAL, TAELS 600,000** ..... \$83,333.33  
EQUAL TO ..... \$83,333.33  
RESERVE FUND ..... \$318,000.00

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS.**  
LEE SING, Esq. LO YEEU MOON, Esq.  
LOU TSO SHUN, Esq.

**MANAGER.—HO AMEL**  
MANAGER.—HO AMEL

**MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken  
at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the  
World.**

**HEAD OFFICE: 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST,**  
Hongkong, 17th December, 1894. [974]

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LIMITED.

Intimations.

DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & CO., LTD.

WARM CLOTHES.

THESE will all be spoilt before next cold weather unless properly taken care of.

NAPHTHALINE

is the best thing to keep away Moths, &c., and prevent clothes smelling musty.

FIFTY CENTS PER TIN.

DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED,  
VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1894.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,  
LIMITED.

CHEMISTS BY APPOINTMENT.  
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED  
WATERS.

OUR NEW FACTORY has been recently refitted with automatic Steam Machinery of the latest and most approved kind, and we are well able to compete in quality with the best English Makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

COAST PORT ORDERS,  
whenever practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

For COAST PORTS, Waters are packed and placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and the full amount allowed for Packages and Empties will be received in good order.

Counterfoil Order Books supplied on Application.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is  
"DISPENSARY, HONGKONG."  
And all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always kept ready in Stock:

PURE AERATED WATER  
SODA WATER

LEMONADE

POTASH WATER

SELTZER WATER

PURE TABLE WATER

LITHIA WATER

SARSPARILLA WATER

TONIC WATER

GINGER ALE

GINGERADE.

No Credit given for Bottles that look dirty or greasy, or that appear to have been used for any other purpose than that of containing Aerated Waters, as such Bottles are never used again by us.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.  
The Hongkong Dispensary, Hongkong.  
The Shanghai Pharmacy, 24, Nanking Road,  
Shanghai.

Botica Inglesa, 14, Escuela, Manila.  
The Canton Dispensary, Canton.  
The Dispensary, Foochow.  
The Hongkong Dispensary, Hongkong.  
The Hongkong Dispensary, Tientsin.  
London Office, 8, Fenchurch Buildings, E.C.  
Hongkong, 8th May, 1894.

BIRTH.  
At 10, Kuklung Road, on the 4th inst., the wife of G. D. BONING of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.  
On May 9th at St. Joseph's Church, Hongkong, by the Very Reverend Father Vigno, EDWARD McCABE, to ROSE FAGAN, both of New Brighton, Liverpool.

The Hongkong Telegraph  
HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1894.

TELEGRAMS.

TRANSFER OF THE TROOPING  
SERVICE HEAD QUARTERS.

LONDON, May 7th.  
The despatch and reception of troops will henceforth be conducted at Southampton instead of, as formerly, at Portsmouth.

FATAL EXPLOSION AT WALTHAM.  
A severe explosion occurred at the Royal Cordic's Factory, Waltham, by which many persons were killed, and others seriously injured. Much damage was done.

FRANCE.  
PARIS, April 29th.  
The anarchist Henry was sentenced to death to-day. He cried out in reply "Vive l'Anarchie!"

M. Casimir Perier, premier, opened the International Exhibition at Lyons to-day. He spoke of fiscal reforms, and said: "Republic had no reason for fear and every reason for hope."

PANAMA.  
May 3rd.  
The Court has condemned the estates of Relbach and Herz to pay three million francs on account of the Panama fr. 11.

MAY-DAY.  
The May-Day labour demonstrations led to strikes at Gote (Austria), Hamm (Belgium) and Cleveland (U.S.).

THE ULON ARSENAL ON FIRE.  
The armaments at Toulon arsenal have been burnt down; damage five million francs.

TYphoon Warning.

We are indebted to the courtesy of Señor Don Ortiz de Zugasti, Spanish Consul at this port, for the following telegram:

MANILA, May 9th,  
1.45 p.m.

The depression east of Luzon is not travelling westward. The barometer is rising.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Spring Regatta of the Shanghai Rowing Club opens on the 2nd proximo.

An Emergency meeting of Zetland Lodge, No. 1165, E.C., will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zetland Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s royal mail steamer *Empress of Japan* arrived at Kobe at 2 p.m. on Tuesday, and left again at midnight for this port, via Nagasaki and Shanghai.

No less than eight murders were committed in the course of a few hours at Yamato, Japan, on the 2nd ultimo. Love, jealousy, a sword and an inflamed man were the active agents. A trial and an execution will follow in due course.

The Victory of Chibil was to have left Tientsin on Monday on his tour of inspection, and will arrive at Chefoo on or about the 23rd inst. The naval review is expected to be a brilliant affair, and doubtless will be fit for bombing and powder-burning are of any avail. It is said the *Severn* will represent the British Navy, and hoped that Admiral Fremantle will be present.

The Shanghai Mercury of the 3rd inst. reports that all the steamers arriving at that port from Hankow bring news of the damage done by the freshets in the Han river. The *Chang*, which arrived there on Thursday last, reports that the Han rose 27 feet in as many hours at a place 250 miles above Hankow, and that at the time of her departure (Monday) not a sampan was to be seen on the river. The sights at Hankow are appalling, as, despite the strenuous efforts of the native Benevolent Societies to rescue all floating bodies, the corposa continue to come down past the port in large numbers.

The *Kobe Chronicle* learns from the vernacular that Hong, the assassin of Kim Ok-ien, is treated very leniently by the Korean Government, being merely confined to the house of an official. It is expected that he will be called to the palace before long in order to receive some mark of distinction for having killed the hated outlaw. If the report may be relied on, however, the assassin is troubled by remorse. He says he can never forget the terrible look upon the face of his victim as he sprang up after the first shot was fired; it haunts him night and day, and the impression has had to strong an effect upon him that he is afraid to sleep in a room alone.

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excited a universal feeling of horror. The strikers are alarmed by the popular outburst, and inclined to submit.

Fierce fighting has taken place in Oklahoma territory between the Indians and the cowboys, a great number on either side being killed.

The Argentine authorities now definitely oppose the extradition of Balfour, the English swindler, on the ground that the whole proceedings instituted to that end are illegal.

Forty anarchists have been arrested in connection with the latest bomb explosion in Paris.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bank of Australasia, speaking at a meeting in London, says the reconstruction schemes of the various Banks are proving a complete success.

April 12th.

A tragic affair is reported from Milwaukee, United States, a large theatre and adjoining hotel being burned to the ground, sixteen inmates of the latter building being roasted to death.

A large stable in Baltimore, U. S., has also been destroyed by fire, 137 horses being burned.

Sir Henry Leach, the Governor of Cape Colony, is leaving for England on six months' leave, at the end of which term it is expected he will resign.

A series of experiments with the new bullet-proof clothing have proved astonishingly successful. The inventor, mounted on horse, and both encased in the cloth, submitted to the fire of the best weapons at various ranges, horse and rider coming through the ordeal unscathed.

The Navy Estimates are now being hotly discussed in the House of Commons, and the result of the debate is being awaited with keen interest throughout the Kingdom. The recent public meetings and press comments against the proposed increases having commanded public attention to an unusual degree, and the proposed enormous expenditure in this direction is warmly opposed in certain quarters. The Government favours the policy of immediately taking such steps as will place the English fleet on an equal footing with any probable hostile combination, and the details of a scheme to this end have been placed before the House. The British Admiralty, pending the adoption and carrying out of the above scheme, has decided to subdivide twenty-eight of the most powerful steamers belonging to the different lines, such vessels to be fitted out as cruisers to aid in protecting British merchant vessels in the not altogether improbable event of a sudden outbreak of hostilities.

The Dowager Duchess of Manchester, whilst travelling in Spain, has been robbed of her jewels, valued at many thousands of pounds.

The thief subsequently came into collision with a train, which providentially (1) smashed his legs, the jewellery thereby being recovered.

April 20th.

M. Cogardan is appointed to succeed the Marquis de Reversade de Rouvray as French Minister at Cairo, and M. le Marquis has been transferred to Madrid.

The Commons have read a first time the Government Bill for the creation of a Board of Arbitrators to reinstate the Evicted Irish Tenants. The bill provides for compensation by the State to actual tenants and payment by (the State) of one year's arrears of rent.

The Parnellites oppose the bill as being inadequate.

Mr. Campbell Bannerman in reply to a question in the House of Commons said the increase of venereal disease in the Army of India demands serious attention, and certain proposals for an Army Sanitary Committee were now being considered, which, he hoped, would tend to improve the health of the men.

April 21st.

Owing to pressure of business in Parliament, the debate on Uganda has been postponed indefinitely.

ATHENS, April 21st.

The earthquake in Greece has destroyed many

villages in the provinces of Larissa and Euboea and Phocis, and many lives have been lost, notably around Atalanti. The inhabitants are camping out in fields, and the Government are sending a warship with food, tents, and doctors to the scene.

LONDON, April 23rd.

The Police have arrested at Stratford an Italian anarchist named Ferrara who is the head centre of a widespread conspiracy in London for making bombs and committing outrages on the Continent. [Recent Reuter notifies that this man has been sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude.—Ed.]

THE VICEROY LIU'S RECOVERY.

From Nanking comes the news that owing to having made a vow to the shrine of Prince Sianping, a deified prince of the 7th century, for the preservation of his health and against the insidious shadowy attacks of the spirits of certain persons he had recently excommunicated or caused to die sudden deaths, H. E. Liu Kun-yi, the Nanking Viceroy, has without the aid of medicine suddenly recovered his health, so as to be able to pay postscriptual visits to the shrine of this god, which is some distance from the Viceroy's yamen, in order to return thanks for the deity's answering of his prayers. A portion of the vow made by the Viceroy was to pay for ten days' the trials to be performed on the stage before the image of this deified prince. This god the Viceroy has to worship every morning of the ten days' vow. Three of these days have already passed, nor has his Excellency manifested any sign of weakness or relapse.

A popular reason, amongst the many advanced, is that the Viceroy had been visited of late by the spirit of the late *Kolao Hui* (deceit), Li Hien-mou, his wife and concubine, and two chiefs of that society who were associated with him. It will be remembered that Li Hien-mou committed suicide in May of last year when he saw all was lost, in order to escape the disgrace of death on the execution ground of Nanking; that his wife and concubine met their fate by the same process, and that the two *Kolao Hui* chiefs Kao and Tading, who had obtained the assistance of the Customs assistant Mason to buy rifles and ammunition with Tls. 6,000 of Li Hien-mou's money, were executed a short time after Li's suicide. These five spirits are said to be the principal disturbers of the Viceroy Liu's peace by day and by night. The spirits are said to have claimed that their unlived deaths were not just and that they were innocent of rebellion, hence they were determined to make the Viceroy Liu quit this world within a twelve-month of their deaths, etc. So firmly is this believed both by the Viceroy and his friends that the assistance of the deified Prince Sianping was prayed for, this god having a great influence in a spirit land—with the result obtained as above stated.

Taking things as they have happened, we may assume then that the Viceroy Liu has come to the conclusion that any more delay connected with the rendering off of Lu Peh-yang to his imperial post would be an act of *tsua meifu*, Lu having been appointed by the Emperor's own hand. We have, moreover, good grounds to believe, through a telegram from Peking on Thursday, that this is actually the case, news having been secretly conveyed to Nanking from Peking that some fellow-provincials of the Anhui faction, have signified their intention to denounce in their Censorial capacity to the Throne the Viceroy's conduct in this matter unless the latter sends Lu off to Shanghai within a certain time. Hence the native press yesterday announced that these are reasons for believing the rumour to be true effect that Lu Peh-yang will probably take over the

seals of the Shanghai Taotishihip by the beginning of June next. As for the story of the spirits, we are in a position to vouch for the fact that it is firmly believed in by the Viceroy and his friends, for not later than a week ago two of this official's principal adjutants were in Shanghai for the purpose of asking an ex-patent Taotishi of this province, named Chou Wen-pao, staying at this port for the time being, to proceed in an unofficial capacity to Nanking to exorcise these spirits—this Taotishi being famed for this branch of the spiritualist's art, having been specially presented with a seal by the Taotishi in Kiangsi granting him power to exercise this duty of the Taotishi religion. In his unofficial capacity, therefore, Chou Taotishi asked for Tls. 2,000 and other privileges, if he should succeed in driving off the spirits. The Viceroy's agents at once closed with the demand and telegraphed to Nanking announcing the fact. A reply telegram, however, has been received giving the story a twist in the first portion of this paragraph.

A few minutes after writing the foregoing there arrived the following telegraphic despatch from our native correspondent at Peking:—“A Censor or Censors have secretly memorialised the Throne, lately denouncing the Viceroy Liu Kun-yi on ten counts. Amongst these is the question of deliberate disobedience of the Imperial commands with reference to Le Peh-yang, because he is not a Hunanese, and Liu Kun-yi wants the important posts to be filled by Hunanese; and the unjust forcing to his death of the late alleged *Kolao Hui* conspirator, Li Hien-mou, and consequent suicide of his wife and concubine, on the ground that Li Hien-mou was as innocent of the crime as these two females were.” This perhaps accounts for the news that Lu Peh-yang is coming to Shanghai soon. The memorial in question, concludes the telegram, has been temporarily kept from publication in the *Gazette*, awaiting secret investigation by two secretaries of Boards sent on the 10th ultimo from Peking to make enquiries on the spot.—*N. C. Daily News.*

A CHAPTER IN KOREAN HISTORY.

THE POLITICAL MURDER.

The following detailed account of the arrival of the remains of Kim-ak-kun in Korea is to hand. When the Korean King, Li, received telegraphic information from Tientsin of the assassination of Kim-ak-kun, he sent the

assassin to the assistant manager of the Korean arsenal, one Mr. Tsoo

Yi-yan, and one or two palace officials

to take forty of the Royal guards and

await the Chinese corvette *Wuching* at

Champhu. On the 11th of April a reinforcement of fifty soldiers belonging to the prefect

of Jenchuan (Champhu) joined the party, and the whole boarded the steamer *Tsanglung* and steamed to a place called Nanyangwan.

On the 13th of April a telegram from Champhu was received at Seoul to the effect that the Chinese warship *Wuching* had arrived at Siaiwuchai Island, and so the passenger steamer *Hanyang* was at once despatched with this news to Nanyangwan, where Tsoo Yi-yan and his detachment of troops were waiting. The party then went on board the *Hanyang* and returned to Champhu. Upon the arrival at Champhu, the *Wuching* her commander, Captain Hill, at once landed and called at the Chinese Consulate there. The Chinese Consul then telegraphed the news of the corvette's arrival to Seoul, to the Chinese Residency in that city, and at the same time officially notified the fact to the Korean authorities at Champhu. The latter immediately sent some Customs runners on board the corvette and transferred Kim's remains to the *Hanyang*. This was at a little past 6 o'clock on the evening of the 12th of April. The next day (13th) the *Hanyang*, with Kim's coffin, his assassin Tsoo, and the guard of soldiers under Tsoo Yi-yan arrived at about 2 o'clock p.m. at a place called Yangtshachin, about two-thirds of a mile distant from Seoul. The party was met by some Chinese officers from the Residency who ordered that the coffin and Hong should be landed. The coffin was covered with a flag as a pall with six large Chinese characters standing for “Yok Kim, the arch-rebel and heretic” written on it. Fortunately no one was hurt with the exception of the man belonging to the attacking party, and it is not known yet whether his injuries are likely to prove fatal or not. Nothing, however, is known of the movements of the pirates, who were allowed to escape, nor is anything known as to where they came from. The four kranhs belonging to the Opium Farm made a sturdy resistance to the pirates, and had it not been for their presence of mind in beating the gong when they did, the Opium Farmer might have had to bemoan the loss of a considerable sum of money. As it was the attack was repulsed, and the money, \$6,000 in all, was safely brought on to Singapore this morning by the launch plying between Kea Tingel and this port.

YOK HAN, April 21st.

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villages in the provinces of Larissa and Euboea and Phocis, and many lives have been lost, notably around Atalanti. The inhabitants are camping out in fields, and the Government are sending a warship with food, tents, and doctors to the scene.

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These five spirits are said to be the principal disturbers of the Viceroy Liu's peace by day and by night. The spirits are said to have claimed that their unlived deaths were not just and that they were innocent of rebellion, hence they were determined to make the Viceroy Liu quit this world within a twelve-month of their deaths, etc. So firmly is this believed both by the Viceroy and his friends that the assistance of the deified Prince Sianping was prayed for, this god having a great influence in a spirit land—with the result obtained as above stated.

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